

Prometheus Best Practices and Beastly Pitfalls

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- Instrumentation
- Alerting
- Querying
- Monitoring Topology



Instrumentation



What to Instrument

- "USE Method" (for resources like queues, CPUs, disks...) Utilization, Saturation, Errors <u>http://www.brendangregg.com/usemethod.html</u>
- "RED Method" (for request-handling services)
 Request rate, Error rate, Duration
 <u>https://www.slideshare.net/weaveworks/monitoring-microservices</u>
- Spread metrics liberally (like log lines)
- Instrument every component (including libraries)

Metric and Label Naming

- Prometheus server does not enforce typing and units
- BUT! Conventions:
 - Unit suffixes
 - Base units (_seconds vs._milliseconds)
 - o _total counter suffixes
 - either sum() or avg() over metric should make sense
 - See <u>https://prometheus.io/docs/practices/naming/</u>



Label Cardinality

- Every unique label set: one series
- Unbounded label values will blow up Prometheus:
 - public IP addresses
 - \circ user IDs
 - SoundCloud track IDs (*ehem*)



Label Cardinality

- Keep label values well-bounded
- Cardinalities are multiplicative
- What ultimately matters:
 - Ingestion: total of a couple million series
 - **Queries:** limit to 100s or 1000s of series
- Choose metrics, labels, and #targets accordingly



Errors, Successes, and Totals

Consider two counters:

- failures_total
- successes_total

What do you actually want to do with them? Often: **error rate ratios**!

Now complicated:

```
rate(failures_total[5m])
/
(rate(successes total[5m]) + rate(failures total[5m]))
```



Errors, Successes, and Totals

- ⇒ Track failures and total requests, not failures and successes.
 - failures_total
 - requests_total

Ratios are now simpler:

```
rate(failures_total[5m]) / rate(requests_total[5m])
```



Consider a labeled metric:

Series for a given "type" will only appear once something happens for it.



Query trouble:

- sum(rate(ops_total[5m]))
 ⇒ empty result when no op has happened yet
- sum(rate(ops_total{optype="create"}[5m]))
 \$\Rightarrow\$ empty result when no "create" op has happened yet

Can break alerts and dashboards!



If feasible:

Initialize known label values to 0. In Go:

Client libs automatically initialize label-less metrics to 0.



Initializing not always feasible. Consider:

```
http_requests_total{status="<status>"}
```

A status="500" filter will break if no 500 has occurred.

Either:

- Be aware of this
- Add missing label sets via or based on metric that exists (like up):
 <expression> or up{job="myjob"} * 0

See https://www.robustperception.io/existential-issues-with-metrics/



Metric Normalization

• Avoid non-identifying extra-info labels Example:

cpu_seconds_used_total{role="db-server"}
disk_usage_bytes{role="db-server"}

- Breaks series continuity when role changes
- Instead, join in extra info from separate metric: https://www.robustperception.io/how-to-have-labels-for-machine-roles/



Alerting



General Alerting Guidelines

Rob Ewaschuk's <u>"My Philosophy on Alerting"</u> (Google it)

Some points:

- Page on user-visible symptoms, not on causes
 …and on immediate risks ("disk full in 4h")
- Err on the side of fewer pages
- Use causal metrics to answer **why** something is broken



Unhealthy or Missing Targets

Consider:

alert: HighErrorRate
expr: rate(errors_total{job="myjob"}[5m]) > 10
for: 5m

Congrats, amazing alert!

But what if **your targets are down** or **absent in SD**? ⇒ empty expression result, no alert!



Unhealthy or Missing Targets

⇒ Always have an up-ness and presence alert per job:

```
# (Or alert on up ratio or minimum up count).
alert: MyJobInstanceDown
expr: up{job="myjob"} == 0
for: 5m
```

```
alert: MyJobAbsent
expr: absent(up{job="myjob"})
for: 5m
```



Don't make it too short or missing!

alert: InstanceDown
expr: up == 0

Single failed scrape causes alert!



Don't make it too short or missing!

alert: InstanceDown
expr: up == 0
for: 5m



Don't make it too short or missing!

alert: MyJobMissing
expr: absent(up{job="myjob"})

Fresh (or long down) server may immediately alert!



Don't make it too short or missing!

alert: MyJobMissing
expr: absent(up{job="myjob"})
for: 5m



⇒ Make this at least 5m (usually)



Don't make it too long!

alert: InstanceDown
expr: up == 0
for: 1d

No for persistence across restarts! (#422)



▷ Make this at most 1h (usually)



Preserve Common / Useful Labels

Don't:

alert: HighErrorRate
expr: sum(rate(...)) > x

Do (at least):

alert: HighErrorRate
expr: sum by(job) (rate(...)) > x

Useful for later routing/silencing/...







Scope Selectors to Jobs

- Metric name has single meaning only within one binary (job).
- Guard against metric name collisions between jobs.
- Scope metric selectors to jobs (or equivalent):

Don't: rate(http_request_errors_total[5m])

Do: rate(http_request_errors_total**{job="api"**}[5m])



Counters can reset. rate () corrects for this:





sum() before rate() masks resets!





sum() before rate() masks resets!





⇒ Take the sum of the rates, not the rate of the sums!

(PromQL makes it hard to get wrong.)



rate() needs at least two points under window:



time



failed scrape + short window = empty rate() result:



time



Also: window alignment issues, delayed scrapes



Prometheus

▷ To be robust, use a rate() window of at least 4x the scrape interval!

Monitoring Topology

Uber-Exporters

or...

Per-Process Exporters?

Per-Machine Uber-Exporters

Prometheus

BAD:

- operational bottleneck
- SPOF, no isolation
- can't scrape selectively
- harder up-ness monitoring
- harder to associate metadata

One Exporter per Process

Prometheus

BETTER!

- no bottleneck
- isolation between apps
- allows selective scraping
- integrated up-ness monitoring
- automatic metadata association

Similar Problem: Abusing the Pushgateway

See https://prometheus.io/docs/practices/pushing/

Abusing Federation

Don't use federation to fully sync one Prometheus server into another: inefficient and pointless (scrape targets directly instead).

Use federation for:

- Pulling selected metrics from other team's Prometheus
- Hierarchical federation for scaling. See:

https://www.robustperception.io/scal ing-and-federating-prometheus/

Thanks!

